CHAMBERLAIN'S SON GOES IN

To Succeed Ritchie, Who Resigned-The Present Government, It Is Believed, Cannot Last Beyond the Meeting of Parliament in February-Consols Up.

Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN. BIRMINGHAM, Sept. 18 .- It was announced here to-day that Austen Chamberlain, the son of Joseph Chamberlain, will succeed the Right Hon. Charles Ritchie as Chancellor of the Exchequer. Austen Chamberlain is now Postmaster-General

London, Sept. 18.-With practical unanimity the press throughout the country declares that the resignation from the British Cabinet of Mr. Chamberlain, the Colonial Secretary; Mr. Ritchie, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, and Lord George Hamilton, the Secretary for India, means that the present Government cannot possibly last beyond the meeting of Parliament in February. Many newspapers declare that a general election will be held early in the

There is high authority for the statement that other members of the Cabinet are about to resign. Lord Balfour of Burleigh, Secretary for Scotland, who is now at Balmoral as Minister in attendance on the King, will probably retire, and it is possible that the Duke of Devonshire, President of the Council, will also leave the Ministry.

Joseph Chamberlain is at his home in Birmingham, where he was busy yesterday and to-day in consultation with the managers of his Tariff Reform League Austen Chamberlain arrived last night and spent to-day with his father.

A report emanating from Birmingham this morning and framed probably with a view to party tactics says that Mr. Chamberlain expects a twelve months propaganda before the general election.

Mr. Chamberlain's first public meeting since his retirement from the Cabinet will be held at Glasgow on Oct. 6. He will deliver addresses later at Newcastle, Liverpool, Leeds and Cardiff. It is said that a majority of the Scotch Unionists in the House of Commons will appear on the same platform with Mr. Chamberlain at Glasgow.

There is a report from South Africa to the effect that Lord Milner, Governor of the Transvaal and Orange River Colonies. will succeed Mr. Chamberlain as Colonial Secretary. This report is discredited in London because Lord Milner has never taken part in Parliamentary life and because of his policy and personality. Lord Milner is now recuperating at Carlsbad.

The organ of the Radicals, the Star, expresses the belief that the Liberal party will commit an error of the first magnitude if it overlooks the fact that, although the man is gone, his policy remains. It says: "Though Chamberlain's body is not in the Cabinet his soul goes marching along. This is Mr. Chamberlain's Elba; he has

yet to reach his Waterloo." The report that Austen Chamberlain will succeed Mr. Ritchie is construed to mean that his father will act harmoniously with Mr. Balfour in electoral tactics, so far as the date of dissolution is concerned. Joseph Chamberlain will from without force a pace with the Colonial preferential scheme. Moderate protectionists hitherto have been committed to the principle of retaliation.

The Marquis of Lansdowne, Secretary for Foreign Affairs, left London to-night for Balmoral. The Manchester Guardian suggests that he will resign.

The rejoicing over Mr. Chamberlain's withdrawal is greatest among the group of newspapers which strongly opposed his South African policy. The Irish Independent asserts that Mr. Chamberlain "goes reptile shuffes off its skin, so has he shuffled for furious driving. from his shoulders and laid upon those nable war in South Africa."

The Westminster Gazette says. "Everybody was completely wrong in the forecasts about the Ministerial resignations. but the political problem of to-day is essentially what it was yesterday, and that is to discover the policy of the Unionist party. We have a tertium quid Government, which rejects the principle of free trade and acquiesces in the withdrawal of the most vehement protectionist. It is a movement to

gain time before dissolution." Continuing, this newspaper expresses the belief that Mr. Chamberlain's resignation is simply a manœuvre to enable him and ding will soon take place. Mr. Balfour more effectively to cooperate. and says: "The Premier is holding the existing party together, while he sends hearty good wishes for Mr. Chamberlain's endeavor to educate the people on more advanced

The Epictator expresses the belief that Mr. Chamberlain, loyal though his intentions are, will find it hard to avoid fighting for his own hand. Mr. Balfour, loaded with his new protection policy, will be unable to secure a majority at the next election. This will result in an attempt to form a government under Lord Roschery, which will be short lived.

The effect of the news in Dublin has been to reveal the delight of the Nationalists at the prospect of a general election, the result of which they believe to be a foregone conclusion. Especial satisfaction is expressed there over the expectation that the Irish party will be once more the arbiter of the fate of a Government.

The Preeman's Journal says. *Never in the history of the country was a Government in a more hopeless, helpless and utterly despicable position. The man that created the Unionist party by a betrayal of Gladstone has destroyed it by more betrayal."

The ultra-Tory Londor. Globe thinks that Mr. Chamberlain ought not to have resigned. It says that he very considerably under estimated the support which would have been tendered to his original policy when it had been placed fairly and squarely before the country.

In one respect the Cabinet crisis has cleared the air. Consols opened 1-16 higher for money, at 88 15-16.

BERLIN, Sept. 18.-The leading paper here refuse to recognize Mr. Chamberlain's resignation as a defeat for him. They say it is more likely to be due to an agreement with Mr. Balfour, who leads the Government, and desired its direction while Mr. Chamberlain educated the country

Balfour, Judged by His Golf, Is Nervous.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. LONDON, Sept. 19.—Some of the antitariff morning papers represent Mr. Balfour as being very nervous over the Cabinet situation. He took part in the fall meeting of the North Berwick Golf Club yesterday and appeared to be badly rattled. He played a very poor game, taking ten strokes U. S. A., killed by being run over by a rail-to reach one hole. His play is usually very way train in Manila a little over a year ago. to reach one hole. His play is usually very good, and sometimes brilliant

Americans Expected to Win Tennis Doubles

Special Cable Despatch to The St N LONDON, Sept. 18. In the semi-finals of the tennis singles to-day Allen beat Leroy. Both Americans are thus eliminated from the singles. They will probably win the doubles, however, as they defeated Wilding the First Presb the ceremony.

THERE IS PECULIAR distinction and profit for the Intelligent Minority that uses the Advertising Literature of The CHELTENHAM

150 Fifth Avenue Southwest Corner Twentieth Street.

TARIFF REFORM PLATFORM. hamberlain Says He Has Enough Material in Way of Facts and Figures.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. LONDON, Sept. 18.-In the course of correspondence with Mr. Parson, chairman of the Tariff Reform League, Mr. Cham-

perlain writes: "We have sufficient material in the way of facts and figures. We have now to state our conclusions and endeavor to get

the people to adopt them." The former Colonial Secretary goes on o outline the two chief objects that should be advocated by the league; first, a closer union with the Colonies by means of a preferential tariff and an endeavor to make the Empire self-sufficing as regards the food supply; and second, the employment of the tariff as a weapon to secure greater reciprocity of foreign nations, or, failing such an arrangement, to prevent loss of the home and imperial markets under the competition of protected countries by

mete out to the Empire. Mr. Chamberlain says he trusts a league dvocating these doctrines will have the support of every one desiring the union of the Empire and the continued prosperity of British commerce.

retaliating upon them the treatment they

Member of Parliament, when asked to state his views on the crisis, replied: "I have no other counsel to offer to my fellow Liberals than increased vigilance and a determination to resist protection in

The Right Hon. H. H. Asquith, Liberal

any or all its forms. RUSSIAN LOAN TO COREA. Suspicion That It May Result From Seoul Commissioner's Trip.

Special Cable Desputch to THE SUN PEKIN, Sept. 18.—Private advices from Seoul express apprehension that the Corean Commissioner, who is to be sent to Europe for the ostensible purpose of attending the Postal Congress at Rome, will be conveyed to Port Arthur in a Russian warship and thence to St. Petersburg in charge of Russian officers. It is believed that he will be secretly authorized to borrow 5,000,000 ven, which it is known that Russia desires to lend to Corea directly or through the French. The negotiations of the French in 1902 failed because the security demanded

was tantamount to political domination. Unless Russia desires to defy Japan, the agreement of 1898 will prevent either Russia or Japan from securing financial control of Corea. The diplomacy arising from Russia's aggressiveness in both Seoul and Pekin has reached the stage of mutual browbeating between the Ministers in their competition for the promises of the two governments.

NEW USE FOR AUTOMOBILES. Get Father's Consent to Marriage or Wreck the Machine.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

PARIS. Sept. 18.—The hearing of a case where the police made a charge of excessive speeding of an automobile revealed a new away rejoicing over the fact that, as a use for the machine and a new explanation

A merchant and his daughter were riding of others the terrible burden of debt, dif- in a car driven by the merchant's partner. ficulty and danger created by the abomi- | The latter suddenly sent the machine forward at a terrific speed. The merchant, who was terrified at the rate at which they were travelling, begged his partner to

of his daughter, threatening otherwise to drive the machine against a tree. It was a case of the merchant's daughter or his life and the merchant yielded and gave

his consent. Meanwhile the police, who had taken the number of the automobile, summoned the driver to court. He cheerfully paid the fine and it is announced that the wed-

POPE'S SISTERS DINE WITH HIM. Dressed Plainly in Black-They Have Gone to Rome to Live.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN ROME, Sept. 18.-The Pope invited his three sisters and a niece to dine with him at the Vatican to-day. They were dresed plainly in black and wore no hats, their heads being covered with veils, according to the custom of Venetian people. The sisters of his Holiness lived at the

palace at Venice, but after his election to the Pontificate they came to Rome and are now living in a convent.

WOULD SELL TO TENANTS. Earl of Bandon Willing to Comply With Terms of Land Purchase Act.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. CORE, Ireland, Sept. 18.-The Earl of Bandon announces through the Cork County. estates to the tenants under the provisions of the Land Purchase act. He says the report that he was unwilling to sell is

Death of Alexander Bain.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. ABERDEEN, Sept. 18-Alexander Bain, former Lord Rector of Aberdeen University and a celebrated writer on technical sub

Alexander Bain held the chairs of logic and English literature at Aberdeen from 1860 till 1880, when he became Lord Rector of the university, a post which he held until 1887. Among his publications are "The Senses and the Intellect," "The Study of Character," "A Manual of English Compo-sition and Rhetoric," and a "Criticism of John Stuart Mill."

Austria to Send Exhibit to Fair.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. VIENNA, Sept. 18.—The Government has definitely decided to send an official exhibit to St. Louis, which will be of a representa-

tive character. Kohlhase-Taylor Wedding To-day. St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 18.-Dr. Otto Kohlhase, U. S. N., and Mrs. Louise L.

will be married to-morrow morning. They will be in Washington this winter. Crane-Vanderboof.

CALDWELL, N. J., Sept. 18,-Miss Della atherine Vanderhoof, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George H. Vanderhoof, was married last night to Louis M. Crane, a descendant of one of the earliest settlers in this State. The Rev. Dr. Nelson B. Chester, pastor of First Presbyterian Church, performed ceremony. Miss Deva Plerce was maid

NADAL REPLIES TO JEROME. quarters in Washington

HIS ANTI-LOW BLAST CALLED SHALLOW AND INSUFFICIENT.

What Is the Test for the Mayoralty, Capacity or Good Fellowship?-And Wouldn't the Voter, He Asks, Resent the Turning Down of a Good Mayor as Foolish?

C. C. Nadal of the Citizens' Union, to whom District Attorney Jerome addressed his letter criticising Mayor Low, replied to Mr. Jerome yesterday as follows: Sept. 18, 1903.

MY DEAR JEROME: Your letter of the 15th inst., doubtless through some oversight, was not mailed to me until the day after it had been given to the newspapers. I thought that the letter hardly needed a reply, but to-day I see a further statement in the papers from you along the same lines. I will venture to point out what seems to me to be the fundamental error

in your position. I need no assurance of your sincerity and the disinterestedness of your motives. You can rest assured that those who know you will take no stock in the insinuation that you are influenced by some alleged disappointment or personal ambition.

As I understand your position, it is that Mr. Low should not be nominated because he cannot be elected, and you assume that he cannot be elected because you think ne is unlovable, egotistical, self-complacent, timid, lacks sense of humor, that he has no capacity for leadership and is unpopular. I have endeavored to state your propo-sition fairly. Have I not done so?

sition fairly. Have I not done so?

"Now, observe the position in which the Citizens' Union would inevitably be placed, if, for the reasons you have given, it should fail to renominate Mr. Low. The real friends of good government in this city, including yourself, assert that Mr. Low has given the city the best administration it has ever had. Supropes we should reit has ever had. Suppose we should re-fuse to renominate Mr. Low. Would not the Citizens' Union be at once placed in a the Citizens' Union be at once placed in a position which would require explanation, if not apology? Would not the voters of this town rightly and fairly say, "Why have you refused to continue in office the man who has given the city the best administration it has ever had?"

rtation it has ever had?"

Our answer would be: "We have not nominated him because we believe he would not get the votes of the people of this city, and that he would not get those votes because he is unlovable, egotistical, self-complacent, timid, lacks sense of the complacent, timid, lacks sense bumor, and has no capacity for leadership."

Would not the voter then have a perfect right to say that the reasons given for our action are an insult to his intelligence and his civic patriotism? Would he not have a right to say. "Do you take me for a fool, a right to say. "Do you take me for a 100!, that in selecting the Mayor of this great city. I allow questions of his lovableness, his egotism, his self-complacency, his timidity, his sense of humor or capacity for leadership to control my vete? Am I so devoid of common sense that I would ignore this man's record in the office which he has occurried for two years, and allow myself. cupied for two years, and allow myself to be influenced by these purely personal considerations, that do not in any way affect his usefulness as a public servant?"

Would not such an inquiry be a fair one, and would we have any answer to make except the simple one, "Yes, you are a fool, and you have not common sense; you cannot be trusted to cast your vote intelligently, and, therefore, we have turned down the man who has given you the best administration the city has ever had, and have put up a man who is without exhave put up a man who is without ex-perience in the office of Mayor, whose capacity to fill the office is unknown, but who is a 'jolly good fellow,' who is sugarcoated with a sense of humor, and is, therefore,

with a sense of humor, and is, therefore, thought to be popular?

If I should accuse you of being influenced in casting your vote by your personal likes and dislikes for the cancidate rather than by his actual capacity to fill the office as shown by his record, would you not think that I was reflecting transport in the lives. that I was reflecting upon your intelligence and your integrity? Surely you would. Then by what right has the Citizens' Union to cast a reflection upon the intelligence and integrity of the voter at large by as-suming the very same thing as to him? If we should follow the lines of action If we should follow the lines of action suggested by your letter, I cannot see how we could fail to reach exactly this point. Indeed, our position would be a trifle worse. The intelligent voters of this town would not believe that we were honestly stating our reasons for turning down Mr. Low. They would be justified in saving that the emplanation is shallow and insufficient

nd that there must be some other reason high we are afraid to displace. What you say about the leaders in the districts and the members of the Union being opposed to Mr. Low is an error. Your The latter replied by demanding the hand statement that we do not dare to take a secret ballot in the convention contains a very unfair implication. I am convinced very unlair implication. I am convinced that you have been misinformed. However, I shall not go into that subject, as I take it the real point of your letter has already been covered. Yours very truly, Charles C. NADAL.

HON WILLIAM TRAVERS JEROME. CUTTING DARES JEROME.

Better Point Out Those "Peculiarities" of Reform Rule Under Low.

R. Fulton Cutting said last night that he would like to have Mr. Jerome point out the peculiarities of Low's administration to which he referred in his latest comment 'If he points them out specifically, no doubt proper answer will be made to his criticism," said Mr. Cutting.

CALLS BEBEL A DICTATOR.

Vollmar, Revisionist, Says He is Making Cooperation Nauseous

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUS DRESDEN, Sept. 18.-Herr von Vollmar, the leader of the German Revisionists. made a sharp attack upon Herr Bebel at this morning's meeting of the Socialist Congress. He compared Bebel to Cromwell and complained that his management of the Socialist party was a dictatorship. Herr Vollmar said he refused to be a plaything for Herr Bebel's exaggerated imagination. Herr Bebel, he said, was Eagle that he is willing to sell his entire rendering all cooperation in the Social Democratic movement nauseous to those who had refused blindly to obey him. He appeared to be aiming to convert the greatest political movement of modern times into a church and as the Pope thereof was already the object of Byzantic adora-

tion by the masses. Neither he (Vollmar) nor the other were revisionists in the sense indicated by the anti-revisionist resolution.

The speech had an obvious impression on the congress, but it is anticipated that this will be counteracted when Herr Bebe speaks again.

Fifty-five delegates to the congress have given notice of their intention to speak on the resolution and the sessions may be considerably prolonged. A proposa to limit the time of the speeches was rejected with angry indignation, many members protesting that as Herr Bebel had occupied three hours and Herr Vollmar an entire session they did not propose to be sup-

pressed. In the evening the debate became more acrimonious and gross personalities were bandied. President Singer warned the delegates to be prudent in their remarks, as detectives seemed to be all over the hall.

THE KAISER IN VIENNA. Cordially Greeted at the Station by Austrian Emperor.

VIENNA, Sept. 18.—The Emperor of Germany, accompanied by Herr von Buelow, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, arrived here to-day. The Emperor was received at the station by the Austrian Emperor and the most cordial greetings were ex-

GENERAL STAFF ASSIGNMENTS. Half of the Officers to Be Utilized at Head-

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.-The assignment to duty of General Staff officers was announced by the War Department to-day. Since their appointment in the General Staff corps a number of officers have been ordered to the Philippines and they are already on duty there. Many of the others have been and are still engaged at the War Department upon revision of army regulations, drill regulations and other service manuals. The character of this work is such that the services of many of these officers will be required in Washington for some time to

One group of General Staff officers has been designated for duty as attachés abroad and will be given special instructions in the military information division prior to their departure.

The present scheme is to utilize one-half of the officers of the General Staff in Washington, and to distribute the other half at the various department headquarters and on special duty elsewhere. In issuing special orders assigning officers to duty the General Staff gave out this explanatory

the General Staff gave out this explanatory statement:

The revision of the army regulations and service manuals by General Staff officers possesses a marked advantage over the method heretofore in vogue. It was formerly the custom to detail officers to the military information division, sometimes numbering twice the size of the group of General Staff officers now assigned to that division, and to revise regulations of all kinds by means of boards of officers. These boards often remained in session for a year or two, detached from their work there was no one to receive criticisms and suggestions, except as they might be filed in the office of the Adjutant-General. By having all this work done in the General Staff they will have the benefit of all previous records on the subject, and, being a permanent body, will be able to formulate amendments from time to time in such way as to complete and perfect all the work assigned to its charge.

The orders make the following assignstatement:

The orders make the following assignments of General Staff officers:

To the War Department General Staff, with station at Washington, D. C.: Col. Alexander Mackenzie, Corps of Engineers: Col. Enoch H. Crowder, Judge Advocate: Lieut.-Col. James T. Kerr, Assistant Adjutant-General: Lieut.-Col. Crosby P. Miller, Deputy Quartermaster-General: Lieut.-Col. Charles Shaler, Ordnance Department: Major George W. Goethals, Corps of Engineers: Major William P. Duvall, Artillery Corps; Major Montgomery M. Macomb, Artillery Corps; Major Montgomery M. Macomb, Artillery Corps; Capt. Major Samuel Reber, Signal Corps; Capt. Benjamin Alvord, Twenty-fifth Infantry: Capt. Joseph T. Dickman, Sixth Cavalry: Capt. Charles H. Muir, Second Infantry: Capt. Frank Dew. Ramsey, Ninth Infantry: Capt. Frank Melntyre, Nineteenth Infantry: Capt. Charles D. Rhodes, Sixth Cavalry: Capt. Hugh J. Gallagher, Commissary: Capt. John C. Oakes, First Lieutenant Corps of Engineers. To Territorial Division and Department Headouarters as Chiefs of Staff—Division of the Philippines, Col. John B. Kerr, Twelfth Cavalry: Department of Mindanao, P. I. Lieut.-Col. Henry P. McCain, Assistant Adjutant-General: Department of the Columbia, Capt. Department of Dakota, Major James A. Irons, United States Infantry. Inspector-General: Department of the East, Major John G. D. Knight, Corps of Engineers: Department of the Lakes, Lieut.-Col. Frederick A. Smith, United States Infantry, Inspector-General: Department of the Missouri, Major Edward J. McClernand, Cavalry, Assistant Adjutant-General: Department of the Missouri, Major Edward J. McClernand, Cavalry, Assistant Adjutant-General: Department of the Missouri, Major Edward J. McClernand, Cavalry, Assistant Adjutant-General: Department of the Missouri, Major Edward J. McClernand, Cavalry, Assistant Adjutant-General: Department of the Philippines. The orders make the following assignnents of General Staff officers:

Edward J. McCiernanu, Cavally,
Adjutant-General.
To the Military Information Division,
Headquarters Division of the Philippines—
Capt, William W. Gibson, Ordnance Department: Capt. Robert E. L. Michie, Twelfth
Cavalry; Capt. William C. Rivers, First

The following named officers are designated for duty as attaches and are assigned to temporary duty with the military information division of the War Department:

Capt. Sydney A. Cloman, Twenty-third Infantry;

Capt. William G. Paan, Artillery

Capt. William G. Paan, Artillery

Capt. William G. Paan, Artillery

Capt. William G. Paan, Artillery Corps; Capt. Horace M. Reeve, Third Infantry; Capt. Dennis F. Nolan, Thirtieth In-

INDIAN LAND FRAUDS. Some Apprehension That the Proposed

Investigation Will Be a Farce. WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.-Charles J. Bonaparte, who was selected by President Roosevelt and Secretary Hitchcock to direct the frauds, was in Washington to-day and had a conference lasting several hours with Judge Ryan, acting Secretary of the Department of the Interior.

Judge Ryan turned over to Mr. Bonaparte all the papers bearing on the charges of irregularities in connection with the management of the Interior Department and explained the nature of the investigation desired by Secretary Hitchcock. Some of the officers are not at all satisfied with the outlook in regard to the inquiry They declare that unless Mr. Bonaparte made a rersonal examination into the accusations the investigation would be purely a farce, and that the Government would never get to the bottom of the charges. It was pointed out that Mr. Bonaparte It was pointed out that Mr. Bonaparte could never hope to do justice to the investigation while at the same time doing justice to the prosecution of the flenders

connected with the postal frauds.

Some of the Interior Department officers are very much impressed with a proposition that the investigation be conducted by an officer of the Regular army. This proposition was made some time ago, but id not meet with the approval of Secretary Hitchcock, who felt that whatever investi-gation was made should be largely in the ands of officers of the Interior Depart-

COL. JEWELL'S RESIGNATION.

jenator McClelland Will Succeed Him as General Appraiser. WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.-Secretary Shaw to-day accepted the resignation of Col. James A. Jewell of New York, as a member of the Board of General Appraisers, the resignation to take effect on Oct. 15. Col. Jewell was made aware several weeks ago of the Secretary's desire that he resign, and the resignation was tendered during
Mr. Shaw's recent absence in the West.
State Senator Charles P. McClelland of New York was selected some weeks ago for a place on the board and will take office on Oct. 15, but there will still be a vacancy caused by the death of General Appraise

Movements of Naval Vessels. WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—The cruiser Boson has arrived at San Francisco, the cruiser Chicago at Fort Monroe, the monitor Monadnock at Shanghai, the battleships Alabama and Illinois at the Brooklyn navy yard, the gunboat El Cano at Shiakwan, China, and the battleship Maine at League Island. The monitor Monterey, the gunboat Don Juan de Austria and the colliers Justin and Pompey have sailed from Chefoc for Shanghai.

The uncompleted cruiser Galveston, which was taken from the bankrupt Trigg Company of Richmond, arrived at the Nor-folk Navy Yard in tow of the tugs Mohawk and Hercules. She will be completed by the Government at the Norfolk yard.

Army and Navy Orders. WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.-These army orders were

saued to day: Capt. Harry G. Bishop, Artillery Corps, to Fort Totten, as Adjutant of School of Submarine De-Totén, as Adjutant of School of Scho

These pavy orders were issued Capt. A. Marix, to command the Minneapolis. Lieut. A. B. Wyckoff, retired, in charge of Branch Hydrographic Office, Port Townsend. Surgeon G. A. Lung, to the Columbia.

ALABAMANS SEE PRESIDENT.

SAY HE WILL EQUAL M'KINLEY VOTE IN THEIR STATE.

Callers Arrive Soon After Roosevelt Reaches Oyster Bay-Gov. Taaft Pays His Respects Before Salling for Porto Rico-No Word About Union Protest.

OYSTER BAY, L. I., Sept.18.-President Roosevelt arrived from his trip to the battlefield of Antietam at 10:30 o'clock this morning, none the worse for the wetting which he got in the rainstorm yesterday. Gov. Murphy's special train, to which the President's car was attached, reached Jersey City at 6 c'clock. The President. after shaking hands with the Governor, went at once to the Government tug Narkeeta and was taken to the Sylph, which was anchored out in the river. Mrs. Roosevelt, Theodore, Jr., and Kermit were on board the yacht. The run to Oyster Bay was made in slow time.

Persons who had appointments with Mr. Persons who had appointments with Mr. Roosevelt began to arrive soon after the President got home. One caller was Gov. Hunt of Porto Rico. He came to pay his respects to the President before returning to his duties in Porto Rico. He will sail from New York on Sept. 26. Gov. Hunt has been in this country since July 1. When he came here he was considerably run down in health he said but is entirely recovered. in health, he said, but is entirely recovered now. He denied emphatically that he had

an idea of resigning. Other visitors were J. O. Thompson and Other visitors were 3. U. Inompson and Charles Scott of Alabama, who are two of the three "referees" who advised Mr. Roose-velt as to the distribution of patronage in that State. They came to consult the President about some appointments which are to be made in Alabama soon after Congress adjourns. They refused to say anything definite about the appointments. Both said that Mr. Roosevelt has more admirers in Alabama than is generally supposed, and Mr. Scott predicted that if he were nominated, he would poll as big a vote in that State as McKinley did in the ast Presidential election. Alabama gave 55,512 votes to McKinley and 97,131 to Bryan

John W. Suetterle, president of the Na-John W. Suetterle, president of the National Saengerfest, also called at Sagamore Hill. He invited the President to attend the big saengerfest to be held in Milwaukee next July. The President promised to consider the invitation.

J. H. C. Luce of Boston, a personal friend of Mr. Roosevelt, was a guest at luncheon. of Mr. Roosevelt, was a guest at function.

No official expression of opinion could be got here to-day as to the President's attitude toward the protest of the unions against his action in the Miller case.

NAME, PLEASE; BRUCE SAYS. Can't Believe Jerome Heard From a Real District Leader That Low Is Beaten.

President M. Linn Bruce of the Republican County Committee said yesterday that he would like to have District Attorney Jerome name the Republican district leader with whom, Mr. Jerome says, he talked and who assured him that Low could not be elected and that the Republicans would not support him.

"I think Mr. Jerome must be mistaken," said Mr Bruce. "He may have talked with some one that he thinks is a Republican leader."

About the situation in Tammany, President Bruce said:

I said the other day that Tammany had not reformed and that its candidate for Mayor not reformed and that its candidate for Mayor must stand for all that the organization stands for. Now we have the spectacle of Tammany braves returning from England with messages from Richard Croker, the non-resident boss, to do this and to do that and positive assertions as to his personal choice of a candidate for Mayor. Croker absent and Sullivan present are to-day the dominant men of Tammany Hall. The Tammany candidate for Mayor will be their man. He will represent them, and if elected he must do their bidding. His name and his personal character cannot change the system.

Two years ago the people repudiated the rule of Croker, Sullivan and Devery. To-day there is not one new issue in the campaign. Croker, with intent to deceive the people, remains abroad giving orders from his English mansion to his underlings in politics, who journey there to receive them and come back to obey them. He is reaching his hands across the sea in a desperate effort to again fasten his grasp upon the city treasury which, thanks to two years of honest and intelligent government, is now flush with more than \$100,000,000 of credit or borrowing caracity. A return of Croker and Tammore than \$100,000,000 of credit or borrowing capacity. A return of Croker and Tammany to power would mean an orgy of extravagance and private gain.

LOW SUITS PETER B. OLNEY. His Administration Has "More Than Jus-

tified Expectations." Mayor Low gave out yesterday a letter he had received from Peter B. Olney, a former Democratic Corporation Counsel of New York and a brother of Richard

Olney of Boston. Mr. Olney wrote: Upon your election I took occasion to write Upon your election I took occasion to write you a note of congratulation and to add that, while I did not believe that a step forward in the direction of good government for the city of New York had been taken.

The event has more than justified my expectations. The cause of good government in the city of New York has been materially advanced during the past two years. Your administration has been able, intelligent and honest—better than the city has had for many years. Such is the concurrent opinion of thoughtful, well informed men. Your administration, moreover, has been non-partisan. The credit of it belongs to Democrats and Republicans alike.

The question, then, in the coming municipal campaign is whether such an administration should not be approved by our citizens, whether Democrats or Republicans. That question can in no way be more sharply presented than by your renomination. Your reelection, under the circumstances, should not and would not be considered by intelligent people a party triumph. I hope, therefore, that you will yield to the wishes of your many friends and accept a renomination. you a note of congratulation and to add that,

"WE WON"-DEVERY.

Discovers That He Wasn't Fighting to Get

Into the Wigwam. "I see some of them floaters who were over in my district on Tuesday," said Mr. Devery last night, "got into a row early the next morning over on the East Side. They were feeling so good over the money they got from that gang of thieves and murderers in Fourteenth street, that they couldn't restrain their joy. They sent repeaters into the Ninth from all the downtown districts, from Sullivan's, Oakley's

and Tom Foley's. "Tammany Hall thinks it beat me, but they're mistaken. I was not fighting to get into Fourteenth Street. I was fighting a people's battle, and we won. Didn't we beat both Dowling and Goodwin? We beat them good, too, and in a few days we'll have a streamer run across the Four Cor-

ners showing our vote.

"I see Boss McLaughlin is paying his respects to me again. They call him the 'grand old man.' He is—a dead un. All he's fit for is fishin' in Prospect Park. He knows where the good holes are there don't he invite me and me friend, Mr. ting, over there some day for a good day's sport? We're both good fishers and we'd be sure to land more than suckers."

SPEAKER CANNON'S SECRETARY. The Place Offered to Julian Richards. Who

Was Henderson's Secretary. WATERLOO, Ia., Sept. 18. It is announced bearing 2,000 names, asking that Tambar the post of private scoretary to Joseph many nominate Lewis Nixon for Mayor. WATERLOO, Ia., Sept. 18. - It is announced G. Cannon of Illinois, who will be Speaker of the next House, has been offered to Julian Richards of this city. Mr. Richards was private secretary to Speaker Henderson.

Assemblyman Leggett Renominated. NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y., Sept. 18. The Republicans of the Second Niagara Assembly district this afternoon in session at Wilson renominated the Hon. John H. Leggett of this city for a fourth term. ROSSETT \$350 SHOE \$400 MAKES LIFE'S WALK EASY Crossett Shoes fit the feet instead of making the feet fit the shoes that ensures comfort. They have individuality and finished workmanshipthat is style. They are made from honest material from heel to shoe-lace that guarantees wear. If your dealer does not keep them, write me-I will tell you who does. LEWIS A. CROSSETT, Inc., MAKER. NORTH ABINGTON.

IN GOODRICH'S ROBES, WHO?

W. J. Youngs Has a Candidate Who Will

Leave a Fat Federal Job Vacant. The convention to nominate a candidate for the second judicial department, to succood Justice W. W. Goodrich, is to be held in the Supreme Court, Brooklyn, on Oct. 2. About this nomination there is a whole lot doing which is interesting to Republicans, Democrats and fusionists.

The second department includes counties of Richmond, Suffolk, Queens, Kings, Westchester, Orange, Rockland, Putnam and Dutchess, and that part of New York county annexed from Westchester When Judge Goodrich ran be won by 55,000 plurality, but, although he is hale and hearty and has fifteen years more of stout work before him, he is debarred from renomination beacuse of the age limit.

It was learned last night that eminent usionists associated with Borough President Swanstrom of Brooklyn insist that the fusionists should have this nomination for Supreme Court Justice in the second judicial department, forgetting that the fusionists were organized only for municipal campaigns for the city of New York, whereas this judicial department takes in the counties named outside of Kings.

Something has been said about the possible nomination of Edward B. Thomas. United States District Judge, by the Republicans, but Judge Thomas's friends said last night that if he had to go in and make fight for the nomination he would take back seat, notwithstanding anything a back seat, notwithstanding anything President Roosevelt might have said as to his fitness for the nomination. William J. Youngs of Oyster Bay, and now a resident of Brooklyn, whom President Roosevelt appointed United States District Attorney for the New York eastern district, is said to be very desirous that Judge Thomas about the transmission for Suprementation for Sup said to be very desirous that Judge Thomas should get the nomination for Supreme Court Justice, so that he, Mr. Youngs, might be promoted to Judge Thomas's place as United States District Judge. The situation is becoming more and more interesting. It came out last night that the lawyers in Brooklyn are becoming interested in the selection of the candidate.

interested in the selection of the candidate. interested in the selection of the candidate. The Brooklyn bar has led all competitors in the agitation for an independent judiciary, and the lawyers there say that all parties ought to be able to agree on some high minded jurist.

The difficulty, however, seems to be to settle on a man. Outside of Judge Thomas it has been suggested that ex-Surregate Abbott, and Borough President Swanstrom would be good candidates.

strom would be good candidates. Many eminent Republicans and others ay that the only name which seems to commend itself to big folks in the judicial dis-trict, is that of Justice John Woodward of the Appellate Division of the Second department. He is a great favorite with Brooklyn lawyers. His residence, however, is in Jamestown, Chautauqua county, and it is not thought that he would be willing to run outside of his own district.

Some of the Brooklyn lawyers said that inasmuch as Judge O'Brien of the Court of Appeals and Justice Bischoff of the Sur reme Court in Manhattan, and to be the Sur reme Court in Manhattan, are to have the nomi-nations of both parties, some such arrange-ment ought to be made in choosing a successor to Justice Goodrich.

NIXON NOT EXPECTANT

Of the Chairmanship of the City Convention Anyway-Maybe He Won't Be There. Lewis Nixon said yesterday that he had heard nothing of the report that he was to be chairman of the Democratic City Con-

vention.
"I was not elected a delegate, and I do not expect to attend the convention," said

he.

Mr. Nixon's attention was drawn to the fact that independent Democrats were com-ing out with indorsements of Low before the Tammany candidate had been nomi-nated. Mr. Nixon was asked if he could suggest a way of stopping this. He "I feel sure that Mr. Murphy is best able

to answer that question." PLATT HOME ON MONDAY. He's Leo-a-f-i-n-g in the White Mountains,

He Telephones to Town. Senator Thomas C. Platt, his friends said esterday, will return to the Fifth Avenue Hotel on Monday. For three weeks Mr. Platt has been in the White Mountains, l-o-a-f-i-n-g, as he spelled out to one of his friends over the long distance telephone

last night.
Senator Platt, his friends said, has believed in the renomination of Mayor Low, but when the Democrats, headed by David B Hill, began to insist that the municipal campaign should be fought on strict party lines, Mr. Platt, like Brer Rabbit, decided it was time for him to "lay low

CONTENT. Carter Harrison Won't Let His Friends

Make Him President. CHICAGO, Sept. 18.-Mayor Harrison has returned from another prolonged huntis what he has issued to the press on the

subject:
"I am not looking for Presidential honors and will not permit the Chicago Demo-cratic Club to select me for the Presidential nomination or for any other office. I am satisfied to be Mayor of Chicago."

NIXON FOR MAYOR. An Earnest Band of 2,000 Petition Murphy for Him.

C. C. Hughes, president of a newly organized metropolitan Democratic club. was at the Democratic Club last night. He presented to Leader Murphy petitions

Grell for a German Vote Catcher.

Ex-Sheriff William F. Grell's claims for a place on the Tamenany ticket were presented to Loader Murphy yesterday by representatives of German recicties Mr. Grell would take either the remiration for Sheriff or for Borough President.

A Guaranteed Cure for Piles. Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles.

Four druggist will refund your money if PAZO

OINTMENT falls to cure you. 50 cents.—Adv.

Adv.

THE EXPLOSION ON THE OLYMPIA Corporal Yerkes of the Marine Guard Be-

lieved to Have Caused It. WASHINGTON, Sept. 16.-The report of board of payal officers appointed by Rear Admiral Harrington, commandant of the Norfolk navy vard, to investigate the explesion of contraband alcohol on the cruiser Olympia last Saturday night, was received

at the Navy Department to-day.

Some enlisted men got the alcohol, it was ascertained, and concealed it near the dock where the Olympia was lying. It was discovered by officers of the vessel and brought aboard. Corporal Yerkes of and brought aboard. Carporal Teless of the Olympia's marine guard, who with some others was detailed to handle the alcohol, is believed by the board to have caused the explosion by holding an open light too near the cask containing the spirits. Yerkes and another man were killed and two others injured. The mer who had the alcohol are to be tried by court

RUSH IS STILL FIGHTING. Talks Now of Getting Warrants and of

Stolen Votes.

Thomas E. Rush, who ran for the Tammany leadership of the Twenty-ninth district and was beaten by his opponent, Joseph S. Mulqueen, announced last night that he would apply to-day for warrants for sixteen election district inspectors. Mr. Rush also talks of starting criminal proceedings against several policemen who, he says, favored the Mulqueen faction. He charges that twenty-five or twenty-eight him were stolen and that the votes for

would elect him. OBITUARY.

Isaac B. Merritt died on Thursday night in his seventy-second year at his home, 81 Greene street, Greenpoint. He was born in New York city in 1831, and in early life became associated with his brother Israel in the wrecking business. During the many years that the Merritt Wrecking Company did business he had his own vessels and experienced many narrow escapes. His only surviving brother is Israel Merritt, the president of the Merritt-

the Merritt Wrecking Company did business he had his own vessels and experienced many narrow escapes. His only surviving brother is Israel Merritt, the president of the Merritt-Chapman Wrecking Company. When the Williamsburg Yacht Club was organized Mr.Merritt was its first commodore and served for three successive terms. Forty years ago he moved to Greenpoint. He was stricken with paralysis about three years ago and became an invalid. He leaves a widow, seven sons and two daughters.

James S. Smart of Cambridge, N. Y. Member of the Forty-third Congress, died on Thursday. He was one of the most widely known and at one time among the most influential residents of Washington county, and vears ago was a power in Republican politics in that part of the State. He was been in Baltimore dane 12, 1842, and went to Cambridge to reside at the age of seven in the ovil war he served as Captain of the Forty-fourth. New York Heavy Artillery. After the capture of Fort Fisher he was placed in command of the post at Smithville At the close of the war he started to study medicine in Philadelphia, but relinquished this plan after a short time, and returned to Cambridge in November, 1863.

Henry Wainwright, senior member of the firm of Henry C. Wainwright, & Co., brokers, of 40 state street, Boston, died yesterday at his home in Milhon, Mass. He was the eldest sen of Henry C. Wainwright and was born in Boston on Aug. 22, 1853. After severning board of the Boston Stock Exchange from September, 1889, to September, 1897, and was vicey-resident of the exchange from September, 1898, to January, 1900. Mr. Wainwright was for several years for the governing board of the Boston Stock Exchange from September, 1898, to January, 1900. Mr. Wainwright was for several years the Washington Fire Insurance Company, and had been the Control Club, and was a member of the Somestat, Tayern and Exchange clubs.

George B. Satterlee died last night, in the Somestat, Tayern and Exchange clubs.

George B. Satterlee died last night, in the Somestat, Tayern a

vania with the degree of M. D.

David F. Britt, who died in Mamaroneck, on
Wednesday of congestion of the brain, was the
oldest resident of that town. He was \$2 years
old, and had been prominent in the business
affairs of Mamaroneck for half a century.
He was a director in the two Mamaroneck
banks and helped to organize the first fire
company of the village. By birthright he was
a member of the Hicksite Society of Friends.
He leaves three sons and a daughter
Melvin E. Lyle, vice-president of the Co-Melvin E. Lyle, vice-president of the Co-lumbia Phonograph Company, died yester-day at Liberty, N. Y. He was 42 years old and leaves a wife and two sons.

BACK UP If Coffee Is the "Hidden Worker" in Your Case.

Study your diet and see if in a natura way you can build back to good health. ing trip and given out a set of interviews. which means steady nerves and the good He takes seriously the talk of his friends old comfortable easy feeling of being well that he is a Presidential possibility. This If you drink coffee and are ill you should make sure whether coffee is, or is not, the cause of the trouble.

The easy way is to shift to Pestum for a few weeks and then weigh results. A Texas lady says: "I was attacked with nervous prestration three years ago this month and became so weak and nervous that I could not talk to any one or hav any one talk in my room. My circulation was so poor I was so weak I could not even read. Everything I tried failed to help me and it was not until I read an article in the newspaper and gave up my coffe and drank Pestum Food Coffee that I had

any relief "But from the time that I quit coffe and shifted to Postum I Legan to improve and I am now completely restored to health My nerves are strong and sound and am normal in every way." Name gives by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

This same result always follows the use of Postum which is a food drink, in place of coffee which is a drug drink. "There's reason."